WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Office of the Superintendent

Date: January 9, 2020

Request For Placement on Board Agenda:

[X] ACTION [] INFORMATION

AGENDA TOPIC: Independent Auditors Report for Period Ending June

30, 2019 (2018-19)

PRESENTER: Debbie Costello, Director of Business Services

Background Information:

In accordance with Education Code section 41020.3, the governing board of Willows Unified School District (WUSD) must review and accept the prior year financial audit report. WUSD received a positive opinion from Christy White, CPA's as to the fair presentation of the District's annual financial statements, internal controls and federal compliance as of June 30, 2019.

Along with the opinion, the audit can be evaluated on findings of internal control and the number of audit adjustments required. WUSD received one finding for fiscal year 2018-19 (see below and also refer to page 79 in the audit report) and each finding has a district response.

No audit adjustments were necessary to be recorded into our 2019-20 financials.

Findings:

FINDING #2019-001: INSTRUCTIONAL TIME (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to California Education Code Sections 46200 through 46208, a school district must offer at least 50,400 instructional minutes per school year to grades 1 - 3.

Condition: Upon review of the instructional time calculation for Murdock Elementary School, it was determined that all students grades 1-3 were only offered 50,365 instructional minutes for the 2018-19 school year.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with State requirements.

Cause: Clerical oversight.

Questioned Cost: \$2,073, calculated as follows:

		Instructional Time Grade Spans							
		K	1–3	4–6	7-8	9–12			
1	Affected grade level(s)		x						
2	Affected grade level ADA		298.01						
3	Derived Value of ADA by Grade Span		\$9,937.50						
Instructional Minutes Penalty Calculation									
4	Number of required minutes	36,000	50,400	54,000	54,000	64,800			
5	Number of minutes short		35						
6	Percentage of Minutes Not Offered	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
7	Affected LCFF Apportionment by Grade Span	\$0	\$2,961,474	\$0	\$0	\$0			
8	Instructional Time Penalty by Grade Span	\$0	\$2,073	\$0	\$0	\$0			
9	Total Instructional Time Penalty					\$2,073			

Recommendation: We recommend the District carefully review the instructional time calculations for each school to ensure that all grade spans are offering a sufficient amount of instructional time.

Corrective Action Plan: District administration will work with school site staff to ensure that changes to school calendars and bell schedules are not made without prior review and approval for the Director of Business Services and the Superintendent. We will also work to ensure that any proposed changes that are actually implemented are incorporated into instructional minutes calculation records in a timely manner.

Recommendations:

The administration requests the Board accept the fiscal year 2018-19 audit report as prepared by Christy White, Certified Public Accountants.

1



December 13, 2019

Board of Education Willows Unified School District Willows, CA

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Willows Unified School District (the "District") for the year ended June 30, 2019. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards (and, if applicable, *Government Auditing Standards* and the Uniform Guidance), as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated March 4, 2015. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted, and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2019. We noted no transactions entered into by the District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

Management's estimate of depreciation of capital assets is based on historical estimates of each capitalized item's useful life. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciation of capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of the net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are based on actuarial valuations and pension contributions made during the year. We evaluated the key factors, assumptions, and proportionate share calculations used to develop the net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Management's estimate of total other postemployment benefits (OPEB) obligation is based on an actuarial valuation. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the total OPEB obligation in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

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F: 619-260-9085

christywhite.com

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

The disclosure of capital assets in Note 4 to the financial statements is based on historical information which could differ from actual useful lives of each capitalized item.

The disclosure of the pension plans, net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in Note 11 to the financial statements represents management's estimates based on actuarial valuations and pension contributions made during the year. Actual results could differ depending on the key factors, and assumptions and proportionate share calculations used to develop the net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources.

The disclosure of other postemployment benefits and the total OPEB obligation in Note 10 to the financial statements represents management's estimate based on an actuarial valuation. Actual results could differ depending on the key factors and assumptions used for the actuarial valuation.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated December 13, 2019.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, and the required supplementary information section, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the supplementary information section, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Board of Education and management of the District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties. Very truly yours,

Christy White, Inc.

Christy White, Inc.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2019

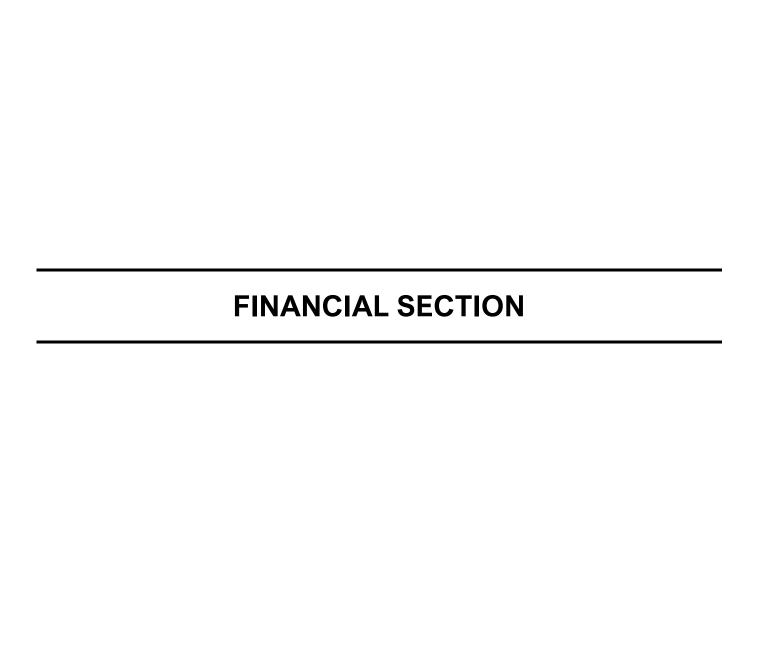


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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Willows Unified School District Willows, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Willows Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Willows Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Willows Unified School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Willows Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2019 on our consideration of Willows Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Willows Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Willows Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California December 13, 2019

Christy White, Inc.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

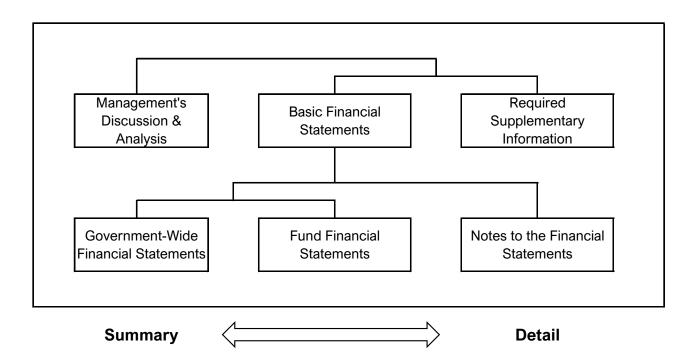
Our discussion and analysis of Willows Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$(8,786,177) at June 30, 2019. This was a decrease of \$784,145 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$17,976,255 which were less than expenses of \$18,760,400.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financials Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financials Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - Governmental Funds provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$(8,786,177) at June 30, 2019, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(14,544,471) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities						
	2019	2019 2018					
ASSETS							
Current and other assets	\$ 8,347,425	\$ 12,783,025	\$ (4,435,600)				
Capital assets	12,742,841	10,512,238	2,230,603				
Total Assets	21,090,266	23,295,263	(2,204,997)				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,933,085	4,546,759	386,326				
LIABILITIES							
Current liabilities	1,570,878	2,913,000	(1,342,122)				
Long-term liabilities	31,606,298	31,139,470	466,828				
Total Liabilities	33,177,176	34,052,470	(875,294)				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,632,352	1,791,584	(159,232)				
NET POSITION							
Net investment in capital assets	1,543,363	1,608,270	(64,907)				
Restricted	4,214,931	5,205,183	(990,252)				
Unrestricted	(14,544,471)	(14,815,485)	271,014				
Total Net Position	\$ (8,786,177)	\$ (8,002,032)	\$ (784,145)				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities					
		2019		2018	N	et Change
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	40,947	\$	114,095	\$	(73,148)
Operating grants and contributions		1,715,677		1,178,607		537,070
General revenues						
Property taxes		4,853,605		4,745,059		108,546
Unrestricted federal and state aid		10,481,793		9,270,231		1,211,562
Other		884,233		1,169,485		(285,252)
Total Revenues		17,976,255		16,477,477		1,498,778
EXPENSES						
Instruction		9,486,269		8,198,162		1,288,107
Instruction-related services		1,927,216		1,749,316		177,900
Pupil services		1,855,602		1,665,751		189,851
General administration		1,185,362		1,068,696		116,666
Plant services		2,432,280		1,746,346		685,934
Ancillary and community services		12,188		-		12,188
Debt service		319,768		316,816		2,952
Other outgo		1,541,715		1,295,513		246,202
Total Expenses		18,760,400		16,040,600		2,719,800
Change in net position		(784,145)		436,877		(1,221,022)
Net Position - Beginning		(8,002,032)		(8,438,909)		436,877
Net Position - Ending	\$	(8,786,177)	\$	(8,002,032)	\$	(784,145)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services					
		2019		2018		
Instruction	\$	8,840,754	\$	8,055,985		
Instruction-related services		1,749,314		1,577,343		
Pupil services		1,058,862		836,480		
General administration		1,132,413		1,054,549		
Plant services		2,423,197		1,611,212		
Ancillary and community services		12,188		-		
Debt service		319,768		316,816		
Transfers to other agencies		1,467,280		1,295,513		
Total Expenses	\$	17,003,776	\$	14,747,898		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7,319,852, which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$10,468,331. The District's General Fund had \$1,038,196 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019. The District's Building Fund had \$4,016,089 less in operating expenditures than revenues for the year ended June 30, 2019.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2018-2019

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2018-2019 the District had invested \$12,742,841 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

		Governmental Activities						
		2019		2018		et Change		
CAPITAL ASSETS								
Land	\$	106,915	\$	106,915	\$	-		
Construction in progress		-		3,302,985		(3,302,985)		
Land improvements		6,042,100		5,718,910		323,190		
Buildings & improvements		14,758,771		8,820,070		5,938,701		
Furniture & equipment		2,948,844		3,125,532		(176,688)		
Accumulated depreciation	((11,113,789)	((10,562,174)		(551,615)		
Total Capital Assets	\$	12,742,841	\$	10,512,238	\$	2,230,603		

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$31,606,298 in long-term liabilities, an increase of 1.50% from last year's restated balance as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities						
	2019 2018			Net Change			
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES							
Total general obligation bonds	\$	7,999,364	\$	8,224,108	\$	(224,744)	
Qualified zone academy bonds		3,200,114		3,450,761		(250,647)	
Compensated absences		82,394		72,426		9,968	
Total OPEB liability		5,890,782		5,864,244		26,538	
Net pension liability		14,856,416		14,003,322		853,094	
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(422,772)		(475,391)		52,619	
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	31,606,298	\$	31,139,470	\$	466,828	

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

The US economy continues to grow slowly, but the State economic growth is slowing down due to low levels of available employees. However, the State is still experiencing overall economic prosperity. The State Budget for Education contained an increase of 3.26% in fiscal year 2019-20, plus \$3.15 billion in non-Proposition 98 funding for school employer pension relief.

The fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually, based on fluctuations in State revenues. The UCLA Anderson Forecast (June 2019) noted that the risk of recession is about 50% within the next 5-8 quarters depending on the model, the biggest economic threat being from the escalating trade war with China and Mexico. If a recession were to happen, State revenues for public education would be negatively impacted.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans received a one-time funding allocation from the 2019-20 State Budget and continue to raise employer rates in future years. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2019-20 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the District Office: Willows Unified School District; 823 W. Laurel Street; Willows, CA 95988.

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 7,329,341
Accounts receivable	1,002,681
Inventory	9,298
Prepaid expenses	6,105
Capital assets, not depreciated	106,915
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	12,635,926
Total Assets	21,090,266
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	4,741,213
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	191,872
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,933,085
LIABILITIES	
Accrued liabilities	1,147,393
Unearned revenue	713
Long-term liabilities, current portion	422,772
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	31,606,298
Total Liabilities	33,177,176
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	1,463,579
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	168,773
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,632,352
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,543,363
Restricted:	1,010,000
Capital projects	106,376
Debt service	75,853
Educational programs	3,808,756
All others	223,946
Unrestricted	(14,544,471)
Total Net Position	\$ (8,786,177)

Function/Programs Expenses Services Grants and Contributions Activities				Program Revenues				Re C	evenues and Changes in et Position
Instruction \$ 9,486,269 \$ 388 645,127 (8,840,754) Instruction-related services 11structional supervision and administration 155,600 - 119,506 (36,094) Instructional supervision and administration 169,209 - 25,616 (143,593) School site administration 325,934 8 368 (325,558) Pupil services 879,828 36,896 630,154 (212,778) All other pupil services 649,840 - 129,314 (520,526) General administration 1,933,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) All other general administration 1,933,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 (12,188) (14,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 (319,768) (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$ 18,760,400 \$ 40,947 \$ 1,715,677 (17,		Expenses		Charges for		Operating Grants and		Go	overnmental
Instruction-related services Instructional supervision and administration 155,600 - 119,506 (36,094) Instructional supervision and administration 169,209 - 25,616 (143,593) School site administration 1,602,407 - 32,780 (1,569,627) Pupil services 8 36,896 630,154 (212,778) Home-to-school transportation 325,934 8 368 (325,558) Food services 879,828 36,896 630,154 (212,778) All other pupil services 649,840 - 129,314 (520,526) General administration 1,933,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 (12,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$ 18,760,400 \$ 40,947 \$ 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General									
Instructional supervision and administration Instructional library, media, and technology 155,600 - 119,506 (36,094) (143,593) School site administration 1,602,407 - 32,780 (1,569,627) Pupil services 879,828 36,896 630,154 (212,778) Home-to-school transportation 325,934 8 368 (325,558) Food services 879,828 36,896 630,154 (212,778) All other pupil services 649,840 - 129,314 (520,526) General administration 1,093,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) All other general administration 1,093,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 (319,768) (12,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 (319,768) (146,7280) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062		\$	9,486,269	\$	388	\$	645,127	\$	(8,840,754)
Instructional library, media, and technology 169,209 - 25,616 (143,593) School site administration 1,602,407 - 32,780 (1,569,627) Pupil services									
School site administration	Instructional supervision and administration		155,600		-		119,506		(36,094)
Pupil services	Instructional library, media, and technology		169,209		-		25,616		(143,593)
Home-to-school transportation 325,934 8 368 (325,558) Food services 879,828 36,896 630,154 (212,778) All other pupil services 649,840 - 129,314 (520,526) General administration - 129,314 (520,526) General administration 1,093,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 - - (12,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 - - (12,188) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$18,760,400 \$40,947 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues	School site administration		1,602,407		-		32,780		(1,569,627)
Food services 879,828 36,896 630,154 (212,778)	Pupil services								
All other pupil services 649,840 - 129,314 (520,526) General administration Centralized data processing 91,364 - 0 (91,364) All other general administration 1,093,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 - 0 (12,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 - 0 (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities 18,760,400 40,947 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	Home-to-school transportation		325,934		8		368		(325,558)
Centralized data processing 91,364 - - (91,364) All other general administration 1,093,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 - - (12,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 - - (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$18,760,400 \$40,947 \$1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	Food services		879,828		36,896		630,154		(212,778)
Centralized data processing 91,364 - - (91,364) All other general administration 1,093,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 - - (12,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 - - (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities 18,760,400 \$ 40,947 \$ 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (8,002,032)	All other pupil services		649,840		-		129,314		(520,526)
All other general administration 1,093,998 1,810 51,139 (1,041,049) Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 - (1,248) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 - (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$18,760,400 \$40,947 \$1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	General administration								
Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197)	Centralized data processing		91,364		-		-		(91,364)
Plant services 2,432,280 251 8,832 (2,423,197) Ancillary services 12,188 -	All other general administration		1,093,998		1,810		51,139		(1,041,049)
Ancillary services 12,188 - - (12,188) Interest on long-term debt 319,768 - - (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$ 18,760,400 \$ 40,947 \$ 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	Plant services		2,432,280		251		8,832		
Interest on long-term debt 319,768 - - (319,768) Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$ 18,760,400 \$ 40,947 \$ 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	Ancillary services		12,188		-		-		
Other outgo 1,541,715 1,594 72,841 (1,467,280) Total Governmental Activities \$ 18,760,400 \$ 40,947 \$ 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)			319.768		_		_		
Total Governmental Activities \$ 18,760,400 \$ 40,947 \$ 1,715,677 (17,003,776) General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	<u> </u>		1,541,715		1,594		72,841		, ,
General revenues Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes A,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes Interest and investment earnings Interagency revenues Interagency revenues Miscellaneous Subtotal, General Revenue CHANGE IN NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	<u> </u>	\$		\$		\$			
Taxes and subventions Property taxes, levied for general purposes Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes Interest and investment earnings Interagency revenues Interagency revenues Miscellaneous Subtotal, General Revenue CHANGE IN NET POSITION Net Position - Beginning 4,524,062 329,543 10,481,793 10,481,793 10,481,793 108,467 109,999 109,999 109,767 109,999 109,767 10		Gene			•				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes 4,524,062 Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)		Tax	es and subvent	ions					
Property taxes, levied for debt service 329,543 Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes 10,481,793 Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)					or general purp	oses			4.524.062
Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purposes Interest and investment earnings Interagency revenues I						0000			, ,
Interest and investment earnings 168,467 Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)						speci	fic nurnoses		•
Interagency revenues 109,999 Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)	Interest and investment earnings								
Miscellaneous 605,767 Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)								,	
Subtotal, General Revenue 16,219,631 CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)			0 ,	.00					,
CHANGE IN NET POSITION (784,145) Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)				eveni	IA.				
Net Position - Beginning (8,002,032)			•						
					· ·				, ,
Net Position - Ending \$ (8,786,177)			•	_				\$	(8,786,177)

Net (Expenses)

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund Buil		uilding Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS								
Cash and investments	\$	6,912,603	\$	106,303	\$	310,435	\$	7,329,341
Accounts receivable		856,931		-		145,750		1,002,681
Due from other funds		38,611		7,787		135,000		181,398
Stores inventory		-		-		9,298		9,298
Prepaid expenditures		5,505		-		600		6,105
Total Assets	\$	7,813,650	\$	114,090	\$	601,083	\$	8,528,823
LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities	\$	894,691	\$	114,090	\$	18,079	\$	1,026,860
Due to other funds		135,000		-		46,398		181,398
Unearned revenue		713		-		-		713
Total Liabilities		1,030,404		114,090		64,477		1,208,971
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		12,280		-		9,898		22,178
Restricted		3,808,756		-		526,708		4,335,464
Committed		276,547		-		-		276,547
Assigned		880,000		-		-		880,000
Unassigned	(1,805,663		-		-		1,805,663
Total Fund Balances		6,783,246		<u>-</u>		536,606		7,319,852
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	7,813,650	\$	114,090	\$	601,083	\$	8,528,823

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	7,319,852
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets:		
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation: Capital assets Accumulated depreciation (11,113,789)	-	12,742,841
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:		(120,533)
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of: Total general obligation bonds Qualified zone academy bonds Compensated absences 82,394 Total OPEB liability 5,890,782 Net pension liability 14,856,416		(32,029,070)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 4,741,213 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (1,463,579)		3,277,634
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported. Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 191,872 Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (168,773)		23,099
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	(8,786,177)

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		neral Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES	•					
LCFF sources	\$	14,362,277	\$ -	\$ -	\$	14,362,277
Federal sources		602,050	-	663,001		1,265,051
Other state sources		2,164,469	-	49,135		2,213,604
Other local sources		478,107	(7,029)	496,300		967,378
Total Revenues		17,606,903	(7,029)	1,208,436		18,808,310
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		9,423,565	-	-		9,423,565
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration		167,817	-	-		167,817
Instructional library, media, and technology		154,291	-	-		154,291
School site administration		1,627,613	-	-		1,627,613
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation		248,726	-	-		248,726
Food services		9,619	-	838,125		847,744
All other pupil services		687,999	-	-		687,999
General administration						
Centralized data processing		85,719	-	-		85,719
All other general administration		949,965	-	38,611		988,576
Plant services		1,357,445	-	1,936		1,359,381
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		4,854	4,009,060	-		4,013,914
Ancillary services		12,188	-	-		12,188
Transfers to other agencies		1,551,459	-	-		1,551,459
Debt service						
Principal		250,647	-	215,000		465,647
Interest and other		36,800	-	285,350		322,150
Total Expenditures		16,568,707	4,009,060	1,379,022		21,956,789
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		1,038,196	(4,016,089)	(170,586)		(3,148,479)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-	1,245,188	135,000		1,380,188
Transfers out		(922,401)	-	(457,787)		(1,380,188)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(922,401)	1,245,188	(322,787)		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		115,795	(2,770,901)			(3,148,479)
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,667,451	2,770,901	1,029,979		10,468,331
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,783,246	\$ -	\$ 536,606	\$	7,319,852

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	(3,148,479)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the passets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allowed their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between cateval expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is: Expenditures for capital outlay: Depreciation expense:	ocated over		2,230,603
Debt service:			
In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditure government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reliabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:			465,647
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it be. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the owing from the prior period, was:	is incurred.		2,382
Compensated absences:			
In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned.	ount earned.		(9,968)
Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):			
In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions.	basis. This		200,495
Pensions:			
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are r government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was	basis. This		(534,569)
Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:			
In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life amortization of premium or discount for the period is:	incurred. In		9,744

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

(784,145)

\$

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Privat	Trust Fund Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Agency Fund Student Body Fund	
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	63,951	\$	138,650	
Accounts receivable		485		-	
Stores inventory				81	
Total Assets		64,436	\$	138,731	
LIABILITIES Due to student groups Total Liabilities		<u>-</u>	<u>\$</u>	138,731 138,731	
NET POSITION Restricted Total Not Position	•	64,436	·	,	
Total Net Position	\$	64,436			

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Tru	Trust Fund		
	Privat	Private-Purpose		
	Tru	Trust Fund		
ADDITIONS		_		
Investment earnings	\$	1,197		
Other		2,250		
Total Additions		3,447		
		_		
DEDUCTIONS				
Other trust activities		12,450		
Total Deductions		12,450		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(9,003)		
Net Position - Beginning		73,439		
Net Position - Ending	\$	64,436		

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Willows Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Fiduciary Funds

Trust and Agency Funds: Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Foundation Private-Purpose Trust Fund: This fund is used to account separately for gifts or bequests per *Education Code Section* 41031 that benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments and under which neither principal nor income may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs.

Student Body Fund: The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost using average cost method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Land Improvements
Buildings & Improvements
Furniture & Equipment

Estimated Useful Life

10 – 50 years 25 – 50 years 5 – 50 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date July 1, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2019

Measurement Period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2019

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 84 – In January 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard's primary objective is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. The District has not determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88 – In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, *Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements*. This standard's primary objective is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 88 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Go	vernmental		Fiduciary			
		Activities	Funds				
Investment in county treasury	\$	7,320,066	\$	63,951			
Cash on hand and in banks		5,000		138,650			
Cash in revolving fund		4,275					
Total cash and investments	\$	7,329,341	\$	202,601			

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Glenn County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum Remaining	Maximum Percentage of	Maximum Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$7,362,598 and an amortized book value of \$7,384,017.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2019, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2019, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Glenn County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	7,362,598
Total fair market value of investments	\$	7,362,598

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

			Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental		
	Gen	eral Fund	Funds		Activities	Total	Fiduciary
Federal Government							
Categorical aid	\$	126,107	\$ 89,604	\$	215,711	\$	-
State Government							
Apportionment		382,026	-		382,026		-
Categorical aid		84,678	6,406		91,084		-
Lottery		154,195	-		154,195		-
Local Government							
Other local sources		109,925	49,740		159,665		485
Total	\$	856,931	\$ 145,750	\$	1,002,681	\$	485

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	Jı	Balance uly 01, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Jι	Balance ine 30, 2019
Governmental Activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land	\$	106,915	\$ -	\$ -	\$	106,915
Construction in progress		3,302,985	=	3,302,985		-
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		3,409,900	=	3,302,985		106,915
Capital assets being depreciated						
Land improvements		5,718,910	323,190	-		6,042,100
Buildings & improvements		8,820,070	6,117,303	178,602		14,758,771
Furniture & equipment		3,125,532	129,062	305,750		2,948,844
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		17,664,512	6,569,555	484,352		23,749,715
Less Accumulated Depreciation						
Land improvements		1,736,904	374,260	-		2,111,164
Buildings & improvements		6,961,149	507,888	178,602		7,290,435
Furniture & equipment		1,864,121	153,819	305,750		1,712,190
Total Accumulated Depreciation		10,562,174	1,035,967	484,352		11,113,789
Governmental Activities				-		
Capital Assets, net	\$	10,512,238	\$ 5,533,588	\$ 3,302,985	\$	12,742,841

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was allocated to governmental activities as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 623,544
Instructional library, media, and technology	4,964
School site administration	10,362
Home-to-school transportation	60,925
Food services	13,392
All other pupil services	7,112
Centralized data processing	5,645
All other general administration	52,713
Plant services	257,310
Total depreciation expense	\$ 1,035,967

NOTE 5 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

				Due From C	Othe	r Funds	
						Non-Major overnmental	
Due To Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund	Bui	lding Fund		Funds	Total
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	135,000	\$ 135,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds		38,611		7,787		7,787	46,398
Total Due From Other Funds	\$	38,611	\$	7,787	\$	135,000	\$ 181,398
The General Fund owed the Non-Major Cafeteria Fund for o							\$ 135,000
The Non-Major Cafeteria Fund owed the General Fund for i							38,611
The Non-Major Capital Facilities Fund owed the Building Fu	nd for expendit	ures incurred	d.				7,787
Total							\$ 181,398

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (continued)

B. **Operating Transfers**

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

		Interfund Transfers In											
				Non-Major overnmental									
Interfund Transfers Out	Bui	ilding Fund		Funds		Total							
General Fund	\$	787,401	\$	135,000	\$	922,401							
Non-Major Governmental Funds		457,787		457,787		457,787							
Total Interfund Transfers	\$	1,245,188	\$	135,000	\$	1,380,188							
The General Fund transferred to the Building Fund for expen					\$	787,401							
The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Cafeteria Fu	nd for operating c	osts.				135,000							
The Non-Major Capital Facilities Fund transferred to the Build	ding Fund for expe	enditures incur	red.			457,787							
Total					\$	1,380,188							

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

					Non-Major overnmental		G	Total Sovernmental
	Gen	eral Fund	Bui	Iding Fund	Funds	District-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	72,681	\$	-	\$ 14,022	\$ -	\$	86,703
Construction		-		114,090	-	-		114,090
Vendors payable		822,010		-	4,057	-		826,067
Unmatured interest		-		-	-	120,533		120,533
Total	\$	894,691	\$	114,090	\$ 18,079	\$ 120,533	\$	1,147,393

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2019, consisted of \$713 related to State categorical sources in the General Fund.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Ju	Balance ily 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2019	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities		-				
General obligation bonds	\$	8,000,000	\$ -	\$ 215,000	\$ 7,785,000	\$ 160,000
Unamortized premium		224,108	-	9,744	214,364	9,744
Total general obligation bonds		8,224,108	-	224,744	7,999,364	169,744
Qualified zone academy bonds		3,450,761	-	250,647	3,200,114	253,028
Compensated absences		72,426	9,968	-	82,394	-
Total OPEB liability		5,864,244	26,538	-	5,890,782	-
Net pension liability		14,003,322	853,094	-	14,856,416	-
Total	\$	31,614,861	\$ 889,600	\$ 475,391	\$ 32,029,070	\$ 422,772

- Payments for the general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for qualified zone academy bonds are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. General Obligation Bonds

In the November 2016 election, the citizens of the District approved the issuance and sale of not more than \$8,000,000 of general obligation bonds to finance the acquisition, construction, furnishing and equipping of District facilities in accordance with the bond proposition approved at the Election which includes the ballot measure and a project list. Under such voters' authorization, there has been one bond issuance (2017 Series A) with terms summarized as follows:

					Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding				Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2018	Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2019
Election 2016, 2017 Series	<i>############</i>	#######################################	2.00% - 5.00%	\$8,000,000	\$ 8,000,000	\$	-	\$ 215,000	\$ 7,785,000
					\$ 8,000,000	\$	-	\$ 215,000	\$ 7,785,000

Debt service payments are made from property tax levy authorized by the voters.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize these bonds and the remaining outstanding balance of Election 2016, 2017 Series A are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 160,000	\$ 280,800	\$ 440,800
2021	170,000	275,850	445,850
2022	185,000	270,525	455,525
2023	200,000	264,750	464,750
2024	215,000	258,525	473,525
2025 - 2029	1,335,000	1,182,306	2,517,306
2030 - 2034	1,825,000	944,669	2,769,669
2035 - 2039	2,465,000	574,781	3,039,781
2040 - 2041	1,230,000	62,500	1,292,500
Total	\$ 7,785,000	\$ 4,114,706	\$ 11,899,706

B. Qualified Zone Academy Bonds

On August 15, 2013, the District entered into a lease agreement with Public Property Financing Corporation of California under a Qualified Zone Academy Bond (QZAB) to provide financing in the maximum amount of \$3,955,000 for an educational program of the District, which consists of comprehensive lighting retrofit along with power generation including electrical distribution upgrades, and as funds permit, general building rehabilitation and repairs at Murdock Elementary School, Willows Intermediate School, and Willows High School. Semi-annual payments are to be made each June 16 and December 16, commencing December 16, 2013 and continuing through December 16, 2030. The interest rate is stated at 0.95% per year. The QZAB has payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	\$ 253,028	\$ 29,199	\$ 282,227
2021	255,431	26,784	282,215
2022	257,858	24,346	282,204
2023	260,308	21,885	282,193
2024	262,781	19,400	282,181
2025 - 2029	1,351,827	58,896	1,410,723
2030 - 2031	558,881	5,322	564,203
Total	\$ 3,200,114	\$ 185,832	\$ 3,385,946

C. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2019 amounted to \$82,394. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$5,864,244 and increased by \$26,538 during the year ended June 30, 2019. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2019 was \$5,890,782. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

E. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$14,003,322 and increased by \$853,094 during the year ended June 30, 2019. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2019 was \$14,856,416. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2019:

					Non-Major Governmental	Go	Total vernmental
	Gene	eral Fund	Building	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Non-spendable	_		_		_	_	
Revolving cash	\$	4,275	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,275
Stores inventory		<u>-</u>		-	9,298		9,298
Prepaid expenditures		5,505		-	600		6,105
All others		2,500		-	-		2,500
Total non-spendable		12,280		-	9,898		22,178
Restricted							
Educational programs		3,808,756		-	-		3,808,756
Capital projects		-		-	106,376		106,376
Debt service		-		-	196,386		196,386
All others		-		-	223,946		223,946
Total restricted		3,808,756		-	526,708		4,335,464
Committed							
Other commitments		276,547		-	-		276,547
Total committed		276,547		-	-		276,547
Assigned							
Classified vacation accural		75,000		-	-		75,000
STRS/PERS increases		405,000		-	-		405,000
Title I & Title II shortfall		400,000		-	-		400,000
Total assigned		880,000		-	-		880,000
Unassigned							
Reserve for economic uncertainties		1,631,800		-	-		1,631,800
Remaining unassigned		173,863		-	-		173,863
Total unassigned		1,805,663		-	-		1,805,663
Total	\$	6,783,246	\$	-	\$ 536,606	\$	7,319,852

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES (continued)

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Willows Unified School District's single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan, Willows Unified School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan), is described below. The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan administered by the district through California's Valued Trust (CVT), a jointly managed trust, on a pooled, self-insured basis. Employees and retirees may choose from a number of Blue Cross PPO/prescription drug plan combinations are offered as well as high deductible health plans. Delta Dental and Vision Service Plan are also offered through CVT. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

The eligibility requirements and benefits provided by the Plan are described below.

Certificated employees who have attained age 55 and have completed at least 15 years of service with the District are eligible to retire and receive District-paid medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage, for retiree and covered dependents, subject to an annual cap of \$11,611 (\$12,579 for retirements before July 1, 2014, and \$12,095 for retirements between July 1, 2014 and June 30, 2017). District-paid benefits end at age 65.

Classified employees who have attained age 55 and have completed at least 20 years of service with the District are eligible to retire and receive District-paid medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage, for retiree and covered dependents, subject to an annual cap of \$12,000 (\$11,611 for retirements before July 1, 2014). District-paid benefits end at age 65 for those hired on or after January 1, 1995, and continue for life for those hired before January 1, 1995.

Management and Confidential employees who have attained age 55 and have completed at least 16 years of service with the District are eligible to retire and receive District-paid medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage, for retiree and covered dependents, subject to an annual cap of \$12,000 (\$11,611 for retirements before July 1, 2014). District-paid benefits end at age 65 for those hired on or after January 1, 1995, and continue for life for those hired before January 1, 1995.

C. Contributions

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the Willows Unified School District are established and may be amended by the Willows Unified School District and the Teachers' Association and the local California Service Employees Association. For fiscal year 2018-19, the District contributed \$492,820 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	45
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	88
Total number of participants**	133

^{*}Information not provided

E. Total OPEB Liability

The Willows Unified School District's total OPEB liability of \$5,890,782 was measured as of June 30, 2019 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017.

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2019 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2019:

Economic assumptions:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00%
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.00%

Non-economic assumptions:

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Health Annuitant Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, without projection

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017.

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20 Bond Index. The actuary assumed contributions would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed thirty years.

^{**}As of the July 1, 2017 valuation date

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	June 30, 2019		
Total OPEB Liability			
Service Cost	\$	89,155	
Interest on total OPEB liability		203,445	
Changes of assumptions		226,758	
Benefits payments		(492,820)	
Net change in total OPEB liability		26,538	
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,864,244	
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	5,890,782	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,999,660	
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		73.6%	

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Willows Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.13 percent) or one percentage point higher (4.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

			١	/aluation			
	1%	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(2.13%)		(3.13%)		(4.13%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	6,403,579	\$	5,890,782	\$	5,443,168	

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Willows Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower (4.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (6.00 percent) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Valuation Trend						
	1%	1% Decrease (4.00%)		Rate (5.00%)		1% Increase	
						(6.00%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	5.299.458	\$	5.890.782	\$	6.575.026	

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Willows Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,439. At June 30, 2019, the Willows Unified School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Changes in assumptions	\$ 191,872	\$	168,773	
	\$ 191,872	\$	168,773	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of	Resources
2020	\$	34,886	\$	35,161
2021		34,886		35,161
2022		34,886		35,161
2023		34,886		35,161
2024		34,886		28,129
Thereafter		17,442		
	\$	191,872	\$	168,773

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	Deferred Net pension outflows related liability to pensions		Deferred inflows related to pensions		Pension expense		
STRS Pension	\$	11,595,192	\$ 3,865,515	\$	1,425,056	\$	1,397,006
PERS Pension		3,261,224	 875,698		38,523		596,258
Total	\$	14,856,416	\$ 4,741,213	\$	1,463,579	\$	1,993,264

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2019, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2019 was 16.28% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$1,149,523 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$1,058,437 to CalSTRS, which included a supplemental contribution for fiscal year 2019 due to California Senate Bill No. 90.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 11,595,192
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 6,638,822
Total	\$ 18,234,014

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.013 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,397,006. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$226,382 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	446,488
Differences between expected and actual experience		35,956		168,426
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and		1,801,281		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent		878,755		810,142
to the measurement date		1,149,523		_
	\$	3,865,515	\$	1,425,056

The \$1,149,523 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defe	rred Outflows	Defe	erred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of	Resources	Resources	
2020	\$	\$ 563,824		112,004
2021		563,824		279,617
2022		563,822		584,188
2023		513,478		283,770
2024		439,245		163,754
2025	71,799			1,723
	\$	2,715,992	\$	1,425,056

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2010–June 30, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2018, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-1.00%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Current	1%			
		Decrease Discount Rate (6.10%) (7.10%)				Increase (8.10%)		
District's proportionate share of								
the net pension liability	\$	16,985,599	\$	11,595,192	\$	7,126,021		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2019 was 18.062% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$309,172 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalPERS for K-12 education. These payments consisted of state general fund contributions of approximately \$110,559 to CalPERS for fiscal year 2019 due to California Senate Bill No. 90.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$3,261,224 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.012 percent, which was did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$596,258. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

·	 ed Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ 26,749	\$	_		
Differences between expected and actual experience	213,794		_		
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences	325,619		-		
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	370		38,523		
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 309,172		<u>-</u>		
	\$ 875,704	\$	38,523		

The \$309,172 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Defer	red Outflows	Defer	red Inflows	
Year Ended June 30,	of I	of Resources of Res			
2020	\$	337,568	\$	38,523	
2021		252,242		-	
2022		(4,029)		-	
2023		(19,249)			
	\$	566,532	\$	38,523	

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Estate	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%			
		Decrease Discount Rate (6.15%) (7.15%)				Increase (8.15%)		
District's proportionate share of								
the net pension liability	\$	4,748,186	\$	3,261,224	\$	2,027,576		

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of three joint powers authorities (JPAs). The first is the California's Valued Trust (CVT) to provide the District's health and welfare benefits; another is Golden State Risk Management Authority (GSRMA) to provide the District's property and liability coverage; and the final is the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF) to provide excess liability coverage. The relationship is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these financial statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

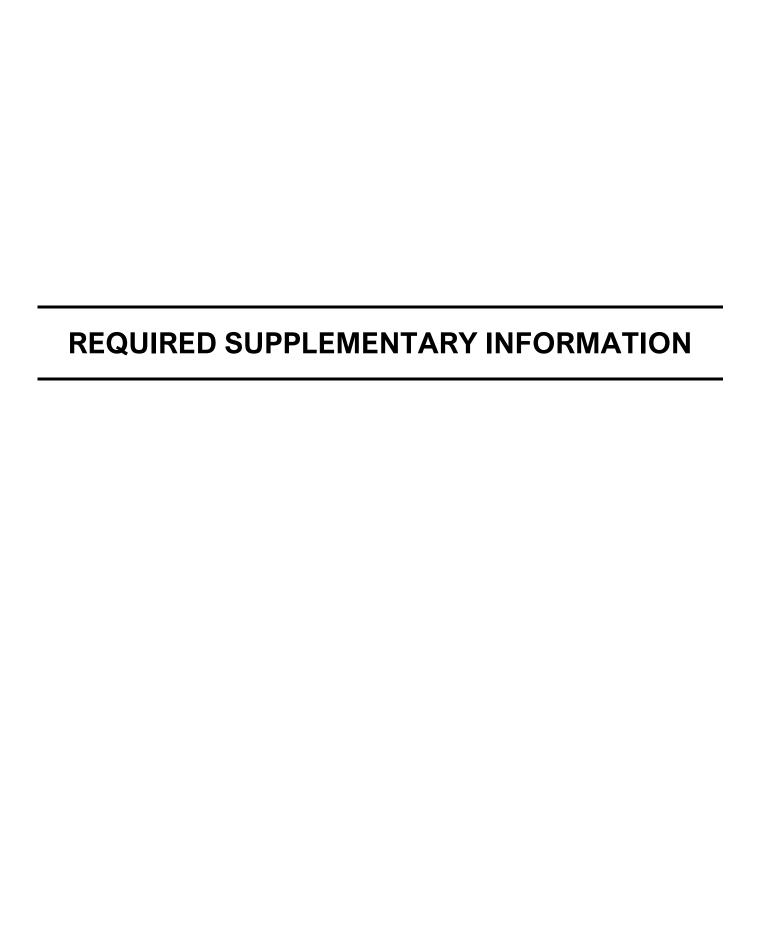
NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2019, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$4,741,213 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$1,463,579.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2019, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$191,872 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$168,773.



WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual*	Variances -		
		Original		Final	(Bud	dgetary Basis)	Final to Actual		
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	14,524,259	\$	14,509,268	\$	14,362,277	\$	(146,991)	
Federal sources		522,054		560,106		602,050		41,944	
Other state sources		895,793		673,783		995,473		321,690	
Other local sources		216,968		255,503		478,107		222,604	
Total Revenues		16,159,074		15,998,660		16,437,907		439,247	
EXPENDITURES									
Certificated salaries		7,452,550		7,342,546		7,273,582		68,964	
Classified salaries		1,829,370		1,836,870		1,813,794		23,076	
Employee benefits		3,021,277		2,992,838		2,859,486		133,352	
Books and supplies		553,029		1,265,990		610,597		655,393	
Services and other operating expenditures		1,115,986		1,219,992		968,638		251,354	
Capital outlay		45,000		71,507		73,319		(1,812)	
Other outgo									
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		1,914,592		1,914,592		1,838,906		75,686	
Transfers of indirect costs		(36,000)		(36,000)		(38,611)		2,611	
Total Expenditures		15,895,804		16,608,335		15,399,711		1,208,624	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		263,270		(609,675)		1,038,196		1,647,871	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(187,649)		(1,137,649)		(922,401)		215,248	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(187,649)		(1,137,649)		(922,401)		215,248	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		75,621		(1,747,324)		115,795		1,863,119	
Fund Balance - Beginning		6,667,451		6,667,451		6,667,451			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,743,072	\$	4,920,127	\$	6,783,246	\$	1,863,119	

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

[•] On-behalf payments of \$1,168,996 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	June 30, 2019			ne 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service Cost	\$	89,155	\$	94,060
Interest on total OPEB liability		203,445		190,611
Changes of assumptions		226,758		(239,095)
Benefits payments		(492,820)		(538,119)
Net change in total OPEB liability		26,538		(492,543)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		5,864,244		6,356,787
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	5,890,782	\$	5,864,244
Covered-employee payroll	\$	7,999,660	\$	8,253,556
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		73.6%		71.1%

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ine 30, 2019	June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.013%		0.012%		0.013%		0.013%		0.012%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	11,595,192	\$	11,083,490	\$	10,910,972	\$	8,576,263	\$	7,187,076
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	•	6,638,822 18,234,014	<u>•</u>	6,556,953 17,640,443		6,212,337 17,123,309	•	4,535,886 13,112,149	<u>•</u>	4,339,866
	<u> </u>		\$ \$	• •	\$ \$		\$		φ	11,526,942
District's covered payroll	\$	6,715,588	Ф	6,499,814	Ф	6,911,670	Ф	5,810,473	\$	5,477,939
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		172.7%		170.5%		157.9%		147.6%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		71.0%		69.5%		70.0%		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016		ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.012%		0.012%		0.012%		0.013%		0.012%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	3,261,224	\$	2,919,832	\$	2,436,588	\$	1,947,623	\$	1,414,181
District's covered payroll	\$	1,617,546	\$	1,558,120	\$	1,490,941	\$	1,477,995	\$	1,307,682
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		201.6%		187.4%		163.4%		131.8%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Jui	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,149,523	\$	970,017	\$	813,458	\$	683,286	\$	554,757
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(1,149,523)		(970,017)		(813,458)		(683,286)		(554,757)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	7,055,698	\$	6,715,588	\$	6,499,814	\$	6,911,670	\$	5,810,473
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.29%		14.44%		12.52%		9.89%		9.55%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ne 30, 2016	Jui	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	309,172	\$	250,987	\$	216,609	\$	186,165	\$	173,627
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(309,172)		(250,987)		(216,609)		(186,165)		(173,627)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$	1,708,645	\$	1,617,546	\$	1,558,120	\$	1,490,941	\$	1,477,995
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		18.09%		15.52%		13.90%		12.49%		11.75%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no change in benefit terms since the previous valuation for OPEB.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate changed from 3.62% to 3.13% since the previous valuation for OPEB.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

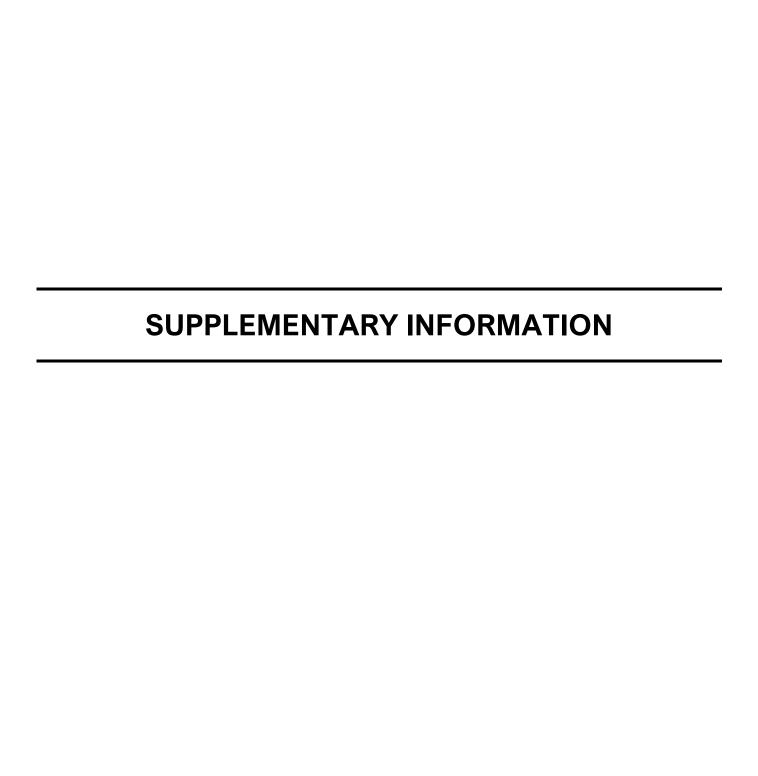
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	 Expenditures and Other Uses				
	Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund					_
Capital outlay	\$ 71,507	\$	73,319	\$	1,812



WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 363,055
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	57,394
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	39,218
Title IV, Part A			
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	24,312
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grant Program (SSAE)	84.424	15391	31,030
Subtotal Title IV, Part A			55,342
Title VI, Part B, Rural & Low Income School Program	84.358B	14356	32,780
Vocational Programs: Voc & Appl Tech Secondary II C, Sec 131 (Carl Perkins Act)	84.048	14893	14,022
Total U. S. Department of Education			561,811
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	159,685
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	436,677
Meal Supplements	10.555	*	14,043
USDA Commodities	10.555	*	50,465
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			660,870
NSLP Equipment Assistance Grants	10.579	14906	626
Forest Reserve Funds	10.665	10044	9,807
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			671,303
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES:			
Passed through California Department of Health Services:			
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities	93.778	10060	5,559
Total U. S. Department of Health & Human Services			5,559
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR:			
Direct award:			
U.S. Wildlife Reserve Funds	15.673	*	24.072
U.S. Wildlife Reserve Funds Total U. S. Department of Interior	15.073		24,873 24,873
•			\$ 1,263,546
Total Federal Expenditures			φ 1,203,340

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
	Certificate No. 72C13265	Certificate No. E20EA03A
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	400.70	399.32
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	290.92	290.01
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	244.99	244.54
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	449.51	446.51
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	1,386.12	1,380.38

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		2018-19		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	49,855	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	50,365	180	Not in Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,365	180	Not in Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	50,365	180	Not in Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,340	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,340	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	60,642	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	60,642	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	60,642	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	64,920	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,920	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,920	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,920	180	Complied

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	20	20 (Budget)	2019	2018	2017
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	16,178,557	\$ 16,437,907	\$ 15,010,785	\$ 14,798,545
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		16,766,986	16,322,112	14,813,253	13,851,593
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(588,429)	\$ 115,795	\$ 197,532	\$ 946,952
Ending Fund Balance	\$	6,194,817	\$ 6,783,246	\$ 6,667,451	\$ 6,469,919
Available Reserves*	\$	1,774,000	\$ 1,805,663	\$ 1,001,213	\$ 939,106
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		10.58%	11.06%	6.76%	6.78%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	31,606,298	\$ 32,029,070	\$ 31,614,861	\$ 25,344,358
Average Daily Attendance At P-2		1,388	1,386	1,403	1,364

The General Fund balance has increased by \$313,327 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2019-20 budget projects a decrease of \$588,429. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2019-20 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$6,684,712 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 22 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 2 ADA is anticipated during the 2019-20 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance because, On Behalf payments of \$1,168,996 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

There were no items requiring reconciliation between the annual financial and budget report and the audited financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2019

			Car	oital Facilities	Bor	nd Interest &	lon-Major vernmental
	Cafe	eteria Fund		Fund		emption Fund	Funds
ASSETS						•	-
Cash and investments	\$	45,857	\$	88,169	\$	176,409	\$ 310,435
Accounts receivable		99,779		25,994		19,977	145,750
Due from other funds		135,000		-		-	135,000
Stores inventory		9,298		-		-	9,298
Prepaid expenditures		600		=		-	600
Total Assets	\$	290,534	\$	114,163	\$	196,386	\$ 601,083
LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilities	\$	18,079	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 18,079
Due to other funds		38,611		7,787		-	46,398
Total Liabilities		56,690		7,787		-	64,477
FUND BALANCES							
Non-spendable		9,898		-		-	9,898
Restricted		223,946		106,376		196,386	526,708
Total Fund Balances		233,844		106,376		196,386	536,606
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	290,534	\$	114,163	\$	196,386	\$ 601,083

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Cafe	eteria Fund	Capit	al Facilities Fund	Bond Interest		Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES							
Federal sources	\$	661,496	\$	-	\$ 1,50)5	\$ 663,001
Other state sources		46,665		-	2,4	70	49,135
Other local sources		43,722		122,919	329,6	59	496,300
Total Revenues		751,883		122,919	333,63	34	1,208,436
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Pupil services							
Food services		838,125		-		-	838,125
General administration							
All other general administration		38,611		-		-	38,611
Plant services		1,936		-		-	1,936
Debt service							
Principal		-		-	215,00	00	215,000
Interest and other		-		-	285,3	50	285,350
Total Expenditures		878,672		-	500,3	50	1,379,022
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(126,789)		122,919	(166,7	16)	(170,586)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		135,000		-		-	135,000
Transfers out		-		(457,787)		-	(457,787)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		135,000		(457,787)		-	(322,787)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	8,211		(334,868)	(166,7	16)	(493,373)
Fund Balance - Beginning		225,633		441,244	363,10)2	1,029,979
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	233,844	\$	106,376	\$ 196,38	36	\$ 536,606

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2019

The Willows Unified School District was established in 1966. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District operates one elementary school, one intermediate school, one high school, and one continuation school.

GOVERNING BOARD

	0012	
Member	Office	Term Expires
Jeromy Geiger	President	December 2020
James "Buck" Ward	Vice President	December 2020
Alex Parisio	Clerk	December 2022
Gina Taylor	Member	December 2022
Michelle Knight	Member	December 2022

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Dr. Mort Geivett Superintendent

Debbie Costello
Director of Business Services

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2019, or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2019.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 1,265,051
Build America Bonds	*	(1,505)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,263,546

^{*}CFDA Number is not applicable

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2019, the District had met its target funding.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

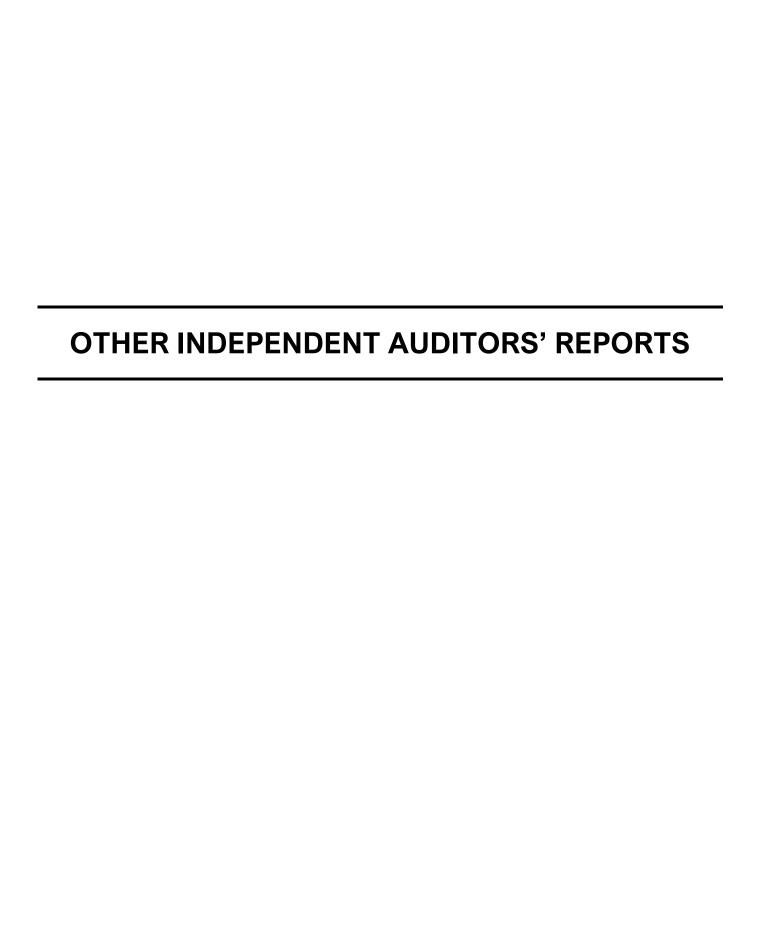
This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Combining Statements - Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Willows Unified School District Willows, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Willows Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Willows Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Willows Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Willows Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Willows Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Willows Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 13, 2019

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Willows Unified School District Willows, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Willows Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Willows Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Willows Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Willows Unified School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Willows Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Willows Unified School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Willows Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Willows Unified School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Willows Unified School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Willows Unified School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 13, 2019

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Willows Unified School District Willows. California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Willows Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2018-2019 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Willows Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, as identified below.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Willows Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-2019 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, , prescribed in Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Willows Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Willows Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

Opinion on State Compliance

In our opinion, Willows Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding #2019-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Willows Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Willows Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Willows Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	No
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No

(continued on next page)

Procedures Performed (continued)

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

Procedures for California Clean Energy Jobs Act was were not performed as the District did not have expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2019. Procedures for Independent Study and Continuation Education were not performed because program ADA was immaterial for 2018-19.

San Diego, California

Christy White, Inc.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		Onmodified
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial state	ements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major program:		
Material weakness(es) identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		None Reported
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are requi	ired to be reported in accordance	
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a	•	No
Identification of major programs:	,	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.010	Title I, Part A	<u> </u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	en Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		Yes
STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes
Type of auditors' report issued on complia	unce for state programs:	Unmodified
Type of additions report issued on compile	ince for state programs.	Offittodiffed

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE

20000 30000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE**

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2019.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

FINDING #2019-001 - INSTRUCTIONAL TIME (40000)

Criteria: Pursuant to *California Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46208, a school district must offer at least 50,400 instructional minutes per school year to grades 1-3.

Condition: Upon review of the instructional time calculation for Murdock Elementary School, it was determined that all students grades 1-3 were only offered 50,365 instructional minutes for the 2018-19 school year.

Effect: The District is not in compliance with State requirements.

Cause: Clerical oversight.

Questioned Costs: \$2,073, calculated as follows:

			Instructional Time Grade Spans					
			K	1–3	4–6	7-8	9–12	
1	Affected grade level(s)			x				
2	Affected grade level ADA			298.01				
3	Derived Value of ADA by G	rade Span		\$9,937.50				
Instr	uctional Minutes Penalty	Calculation						
4	Number of required minutes	3	36,000	50,400	54,000	54,000	64,800	
5	Number of minutes short			35				
6	Percentage of Minutes Not	Offered	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
7	Affected LCFF Apportionme	ent by Grade Span	\$0	\$2,961,474	\$0	\$0	\$0	
8	Instructional Time Penalty	by Grade Span	\$0	\$2,073	\$0	\$0	\$0	
9	Total Instructional Time Pe	nalty					\$2,073	

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: We recommend the District carefully review the instructional time calculations for each school to ensure that all grade spans are offering a sufficient amount of instructional time.

Corrective Action Plan: District administration will work with school site staff to ensure that changes to school calendars and/or bell schedules are not made without prior review and approval from the Director of Business Services and Superintendent. We will also work to ensure that any proposed changes that are actually implemented are incorporated into instructional minutes calculation records in a timely manner.

WILLOWS UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FINDING #2018-001: ATTENDANCE REPORTING (10000)

Criteria: The Second Period Attendance Report submitted to the California Department of Education (CDE) should reconcile to the supporting documents that support the local education agency's Average Daily Attendance (ADA) in accordance with California Education Code Section 46000 et seq.

Condition: During the testing of average daily attendance for the District's second recording period, we noted the calculation for Continuation Education was not calculated properly due to a spreadsheet formula error. This led to an overstatement in grades 9-12 ADA of 28.81.

Cause: Discrepancy was due to clerical errors.

Effect: Misstatement of ADA on the P2 attendance report.

Questioned Cost: None, since the District revised the Second Period Attendance Report with the CDE prior to year-end closing. The estimated question cost would have been:

	Second Period				
	Report ADA	Ac	ljusted		
	(Over)/Under	Bas	e Grant		
	Statement	per ADA		Questioned Cost	
Grade Span					
Ninth through twelfth	(28.81)	\$	8,939	\$	(257,533)
Total	(28.81)			\$	(257,533)

Recommendation: We recommend implementation of a stronger review process to ensure accuracy of attendance reporting.

Corrective Action Plan: The District has modified its attendance reporting procedures to include a review of raw data, verification of any format or formula modifications to the Excel spreadsheet used to compile attendance reporting, and the resulting Principal Apportionment software reports by the Director of Business Services prior to the data being submitted to the Glenn County Office of Education. This in-depth review will occur for each attendance reporting cycle.

Current Status: Implemented.